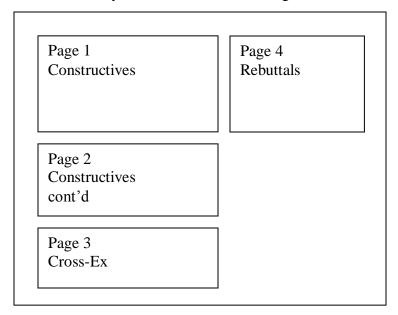
Flow Chart¹ of the Final Round: Connecticut Debate Association State Finals, Amity High School, March 29, 2008

Resolved: U.S. federal budget funding for NASA (National Aeronautics & Space Administration) should be substantially decreased.

The final round at Amity was between Joel Barlow (Alyssa Bilinski and Jason Kaplan) on the Affirmative and Glastonbury (Scott Garroshen and Priyanka Saxena) on the Negative. The debate was won by the Affirmative team from Joel Barlow.

Format Key

It's hard to reproduce notes taken on an 11" by 14" artist pad on printed paper. The four pages below are an attempt to do so. The first two pages cover the constructive speeches, the third page covers the cross-ex, and the fourth page covers the rebuttal. The pages are intended to be arranged as follows, which is how my actual flow chart is arranged:



Note that the first page containing the constructive speeches always has arguments related to the Affirmative contentions at the top, and those relating to the Negative contentions at the bottom. This is not how the speeches may have been presented, in that often a speaker will deal with Negative arguments prior to the Affirmative. The "transcript" version of this chart presents the arguments in each speech as presented.

The chart uses "A1," "N2," etc. to refer to the Affirmative first contention, the Negative second contention and so forth.

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Firs	Affirmative Constructive	First Negative Constructive	Sec	ond Affirmative Constructive	Sec	cond Negative Constructive
1)	Introductory quote from Neil Armstrong, "One	1) Introduction	1)	I saw a wonderful Discovery Channel program	1)	A1: One solution to the deficit is better
	small step for a man, one giant step for	2) Resolution		on planetary discovery		knowledge
	mankind."	 The Negative accepts the Affirmative 		 Explained how astronomers measured the 		 a) Without the space shuttle and other
	a) Affirmative says "Look at the costs	definition.		wobble in the star		programs we'll have slower development
	before we leap"			b) But it isn't clear this is important		 This means fewer new products like
2)	Statement of the Resolution			compared to CNN showing riots in		Kevlar
3)	Definition: "substantially decrease" means to			Kosovo		c) The risk of a meteor strike means we have
	hold hearings to select pure science programs		2)	NASA's activities can be separated into those		to go into space to protect ourselves
	with no immediate benefit to be reduced or			with an immediate payback and pure science	2)	A3: Education is important
	cancelled.			 The benefits of Kepler are very obscure 		 a) It makes for a better workforce and
	a) For example, we would suspend the			b) Exploring the moon or Mars would meet		stronger economy
	Kepler satellite			the Aff. guidelines		b) But we need space research to achieve
	b) Programs will be prioritized and scaled		3)	A3: This would permit us to spend a few		this
l	back			hundred million on education		i) We can't do zero-gravity research
4)	A1 ² : The US is in the middle of a spending			a) This wouldn't limit science education		on earth
	crisis			i) They don't teach K-12 based on		c) Knowledge from the space program is its
	a) The national debt is \$9 trillion			these pure research programs		greatest benefit
	b) Papers are full of news of the stock			ii) Universities could attract private		i) Anti-bacterials, vaccines,
	market crash, Fed meetings to deal with			funding for science research		ii) Tang with concentrated vitamin C
	crisis					helps prevent scurvy
	c) We must prioritize spending					d) NASA is not superfluous as its programs
	i) Pure science is not an immediate					provide long term benefits
5)	priority					
5)	A2: NASA must focus on needed projects, with no extraneous spending					
	a) Exploring the universe is nice, but brings					
	no immediate benefit					
	b) Enhanced manufacturing in zero gravity					
	on the ISS (International Space Station)					
	may help medical research					
	c) Polar satellite project may help solve					
	global warming					
	d) Projects must provide useful information,					
	not trivia.					
6)	A3: Problems on earth are more important than					
	pure research					ļ
	a) We need additional funding for					
	educational programs		I			
	 No Child Left Behind is an 					ļ.
	unfunded mandate					ļ.
	ii) For example, reading levels in		I			
	Mississippi are very low					
	b) Why take the funds from NASA					
	i) \$1, \$5, \$10 or \$20 billion will make		I			
	an enormous difference to education					
	ii) NASA programs we will cut					
	provide no immediate benefits					
	c) Education is only one example, many					
	other programs could also benefit					
	 Health care, body armor for our 					
	troops in Iraq, deficit and debt					
	reduction		I			
7)	The US must pinch pennies. Leap ahead, but					

² "A1" indicates the Affirmative first contention, "N2" the Negative second contention and so forth. Final Round 3-29-08

look before we leap.			
	1) N1: Decreasing NASA's budget means abandoning projects a) The Affirmative basically agrees with this, advocating selective cancellation b) These programs are the entirety of NASA i) How can you improve education if you don't have things to teach? ii) Recent experience with the Mars Rover program shows small cuts lead to complete shutdown iii) Projects like the Mars Rover provide important information for future colonies and climate studies iv) The future seems far off, but really isn't c) With the space shuttle being retired we will be without manned launch capability for four years i) NASA is already facing a budget crisis ii) Aff. cuts likely to lead to halt on manned spaceflight iii) Manned space flight is needed for zero-gravity research 2) N2: NASA has fielded unprecedented scientific discoveries a) We would lose the direct benefits from research that would be cut i) Examples include titanium alloys, Kevlar used in police vests and soldiers' body armor b) We would also lose jobs if programs are cut i) If there is an economic slowdown, we can't afford more job losses ii) For example, Pratt & Whitney would be affected. 3) N3: NASA is a vital component of national defense a) Satellites are expensive, and you can't cut just a little bit to fill prescriptions b) There are other programs that could be cut to provide the Aff. benefits c) International competition needs to be met i) Russia has launched 3000 flights to our 1400 ii) These cuts would permit other countries to take over the lead in space	1) N2: The Aff. definition says that we will cut programs with no tangible benefit a) Therefore discovery within the solar system is okay i) We can travel to these planet in the future b) Security satellites are okay, though these are mostly part of defense, not NASA i) A2: NASA must be made to focus on programs \that would have an influence on the next few thousand years 2) N2 and N3 are largely negated by the Aff. definition a) We wouldn't be cutting the practical programs b) It isn't wise to increase funding at this time.	1) N1: The Aff agrees with this contention, stating they will cancel programs 2) N2: The Aff. talks about immediate benefits a) Kevlar benefits the police and military 3) N3: We have to recognize that war has changed a) We have cyber war, technology war b) NASA's knowledge on these is vital c) Every celestial body affects every other i) We need to know about radiation, planetary formation ii) This can lead to things like better energy use

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Cross-ex of First Affirmative	Cross-ex of First Negative	Cross-ex of Second Affirmative	Cross-ex of Second Negative	
1) How much of NASA's budget will be cut? We	Kevlar and the other developments were	1) Is energy from dark matter and quasars useful?	 All the benefits you cite are tangible, right? 	
don't have an exact number, but a lot of	spinoffs, right? Yes	Yes, and these were discovered by NASA	Yes	
programs will be cut like Hubble, Keppler,	2) Couldn't they have been developed directly?	2) Don't we need to send deep space probes?	2) So aren't they covered by our definition?	
Constellation.	Can you give me an example?	Dark matter is everywhere	You've never explained where they come from	
2) Isn't a long-term solution better than a short-	3) What benefit is there from showing a nebula	3) Can you give an example of how we have	3) Didn't we say all projects within the solar	
term one? Depends on the comparison. Not if	looks like a horse head? The point isn't one	benefited from something outside of the solar	system would continue? Yes	
we are talking about children in emergency	picture	system? The nearest black hole is 20 million	4) Is the US educational system the best in the	
rooms.	4) Wasn't that a NASA program? The Hubble	light years away	world? Highly rated, if not the best.	
3) Isn't it true that by law hospitals must serve	telescope wasn't launched to view one nebula.	4) Black holes aren't really taught in high school,	5) What about the standardized test results? You	
everyone who comes to an emergency room?	Advances often come from abstract activity	are they? Not really.	have to look at the standards, which vary by	
Emergency rooms don't provide good	5) Is the Affirmative plan to cut all programs?	5) Isn't high school science is much more	state and country	
preventive care	You didn't specify which ones.	advanced than 50 years ago? Yes	6) Doesn't the UN rate the US 17 th ? I don't know.	
4) What does the stock market crash have to do	6) So we could kept the cancer research projects?	6) Science tends to advance, tends to become	7) There is no other way to test a hard impact? Of	
with NASA? It's just one example showing	You need the space shuttle to do zero-gravity	more esoteric? Yes	course, but not the impact of a meteorite.	
that we are in an economic crisis.	research	7) So this might be taught in high school at some	8) Do you believe we should spend more on	
5) Haven't there been times that were worse? I'm	7) Isn't the shuttle being retired? You need to	point? Only in a limited way	education for quasars or AP calculus? There	
not an economic expert	spend to build its replacement	8) The Aff. is going to cut all pure science	are other intangible benefits from NASA that	
6) Wasn't it worse after 9/11? Depends on how	8) Will you acknowledge that the advances we've	programs? Yes	may help.	
you measure it.	used on earth have come from space activity	9) Name some programs that don't have a pure	9) Weren't Tang, Kevlar and GPS all developed	
7) Hasn't the \$9 trillion debt been climbing since	within the solar system? Yes	science component?	for missions within the solar system? Yes	
then? You'd have to give me a measure.	9) So we could cut Kepler with no loss? Kepler is	10) Name some pure science programs?	10) Haven't we said we'd maintain projects within	
8) Isn't it due largely to Iraq? Iraq is a whole	underfunded	Cosmology	the solar system? Yes	
'nother debate.	10) Can we send a spacecraft to these earth-like		11) How does NASA help us cope with the deficit?	
9) Won't cutting NASA cause a loss of jobs? It	planets? I don't see the relevance of the		More information and knowledge.	
would only be a small number of jobs versus	question			
educating millions of children	11) Does Hubble exploration benefit us			
	immediately? Cutting it would lose use of the			
	telescope.			

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First Affirmative Rebuttal		First Negative Rebuttal		Second Negative Rebuttal		Second Affirmative Rebuttal		
1)	We	can better understand the issues by	1)	Intro	1)	In the US we are addicted to instant	1)	The Neg. has used straw men to misconstrue
	cons	sidering three questions	2)	Resolution		gratification. We need to change this.		the Aff. argument
2)	Is N	ASA funding programs that the	3)	There is an analogy here to music and art	2)	The Aff. says space exploration isn't useful.	2)	The issue is pure science versus hard science
	gove	ernment should do?		education		 a) This was also said at times about genetics 		 a) Hard science is necessary; pure science
	a)	This is the clash between A1 and N1		a) If there is a deficit, these are the first cut,		and vaccines		can be cut if no benefit in the next million
	b)	We need to question the purpose of gov't		with the claim there is no tangible benefit		b) Kepler and other programs that look out		years
		when funds are strained		b) Experience shows this is exactly wrong		are useful	3)	Is NASA's exploration of space useful?
	c)	Aff. will not cut vital programs with		c) Pure science is the same. We need to do		i) We can't mine asteroids in the solar		 a) Aff. favors useful programs, while Neg.
		tangible benefits		basic research to advance		system due to the risk, so we have to		says Aff. does not
	d)	The situation requires prioritizing	4)	A1: We agree there are economic problems		go further out		b) Money can be spent more effectively by
		spending, so we should cut pure science		 a) But we have to be at the forefront of 	3)	Ethanol costs more than oil		diverting funds from pure science to hard
3)	Can	we focus NASA on useful programs?		technology and science		 a) We need other long term resources such 		science
	a)	This is the clash between A2 and N2		b) We can't compete internationally without		as those NASA is looking for		 This includes technology projects and
	b)	Mars exploration and the International		this	4)	We have to provide for our own national		Mars exploration
		Space Station won't be cut		 Cut NASA and the impact will be 		defense	4)	Does research into cosmology outweigh other
	c)	We don't need to do research on quasars		felt at Pratt & Whitney		 a) Need to look outside the solar system 		benefits?
		20 million light years away	5)	A2: NASA is focused	5)	Short-term educational relief is fine		a) Pure research should be the business of
	d)	Spinoffs like GPS, Kevlar and MRI are		 a) The Aff says the Mars rover project is 		 a) But we need knowledge to teach 		private universities
		from in programs that will be cut and		okay		 b) We need knowledge to develop new 		b) Pure research should not be funded by the
		could be developed on earth		b) The Aff says space exploration is okay		technology		government
4)	Wha	it is the best way to spend tax dollars?		 We need to keep moving outward as we 		 Space presents a challenge that drives 		c) Basic math is more important than string
	a)	This is the clash between A3 and N3.		exhaust resources		development		theory and quasars.
	b)	The government is not a university		d) Tangible benefits flow from pure science		 Micrometeorite risks lead to Kevlar 		
		 We may lose the space race a little 	6)	A3: Education can be improved without		d) If we cut space programs, we'll harm real		
		ii) We are losing the education race		throwing money at it		businesses on earth		
		iii) If we aren't up to par on math and		a) There is always the question of what to		 Pratt & Whitney affects 		
		science we can't staff NASA, the		teach		Connecticut, Cape Kennedy affect		
		military or other high-tech jobs		b) Pure research answers that questions		Florida		
	c)	Clearly we can better use the funds	7)	N1: There is a direction connection from pure		e) Aff. advocates short-term-ism		
				research to technological advances to new		 Knowledge is priceless 		
				businesses				
I			8)	N2: The energy crisis is not going to be solved				
				by ethanol but by anti-matter				
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